

Colonialism & its Impact on Climate Change

WHAT IS COLONIALISM ?

Stanford Encyclopedia of Philosophy defines it as: a practice of domination, which involves the subjugation of one people to another.

It seeks:

- Wealth & power
- Metals, crops, minerals, people
- Political might, economic growth, industrialization

WHAT IS CLIMATE CHANGE?

David Suzuki Foundation defines it as: when long-term weather patterns are altered – for example, through human activity. Global warming is one measure of climate change, and is a rise in the average global temperature.

HOW ARE THE TWO RELATED?

Essentially, nature was the main key that the colonialists needed to achieve their goals. To achieve this, colonialists divided land, destroyed it, mapped it to separate the 'useful' from the 'useless'. However, these lands were not empty: thousands of people, Indigenous people, claimed that land years ago. However, due to the fact that the colonialists had greater weapons (such as guns), the Indigenous people were unprotected, and so were forced to obey, or else they would face consequences (such as death). This brought to the growth of colonialism, and so Industrialization, which as we know today is the leading anthropic cause of Climate Change.

EVIDENCE:

LOSS OF KNOWLEDGE



THE MOST DESTRUCTIVE AGRARIAN PRACTICE



MADAGASCAR DEFORESTATION



WORKS CITED (APA):

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